The study of the multimodal level of service for the segment of urban road “Fehmi Lladrovci” in Prishtina

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Abstract: The purpose of this study is to present the analysis for the urban road “Fehmi Lladrovci” in the city of Prishtina, aiming to identify the geometric and the intensity of a traffic flow factors which influences to the reduction of multimodal level of service. The study is focused in urban roads categories for the level like road “Fehmi Lladrovci” is, this road is one of the main roads of the city. Integral parts of this study are the models applied to calculation of multimodal level of service for each modes of traffic as vehicles, pedestrians, bicycles and public transport based on NCHRP’s report and HCM 2010 manual. The impact of factors affecting multimodal level of service for all modes of road traffic are important elements and they affect the quality of level of service through urban roads. There are a lot of numbers of the participants moving on the road “Fehmi Lladrovci” which is located near the central zone, where along its extended collective housing with business premises. Based on the results obtained from this study recommendations for modifications are made for changing the width of the road, in order to increase the multimodal level of service to all modes of road traffic.

Keywords: multimodal level of service, the geometric factors, modes of traffic.

1. Introduction

Street "Fehmi Lladrovci" is located near the center of Pristina, which is a segment of the central city ring through which pass a large number of participants of traffic which extends through local collective housing business. Based on the importance and participation in relation to the city traffic we are determined to do a study to identify the multimodal level of service. This analysis for segment of urban street "Fehmi Lladrovci" has resulted in the identification of factors affecting the flow of traffic, especially road geometric factors and the intensity of traffic flow factor. For this paper are applied the models for the calculation of multimodal level of service based on the NCHRP28 report and the HCM29 2010 manual. Results are recommendations for modification to change the cross section of the road within the existing width, in order to increase the multimodal level of service to all modes of composition of traffic.

2. Models applied for calculation of the multimodal level of service

For calculating the multimodal level of service are applied models which determine the multimodal level of service for vehicles, pedestrians, bicycles and public transport. Applied models are based on models published by the NCHRP report and HCM 2010 manual. These models include only the

28 NCHRP – National Cooperative Highway Research Program - addresses issues integral to the state Departments of Transportation (DOTs) and transportation professionals at all levels of government and the private sector.
29 HCM – Highway Capacity Manual - significantly enhance how engineers and planners assess the traffic and environmental effects of highway projects.
calculation of multimodal level of service for segment of the road “Fehmi Lladrovci” between the
two junctions that are roundabouts but that does not include the calculation of the intersections.
Calculating the level of service for vehicles is applied by two methods, the first by NCHRP’s report
which takes into account the geometric conditions of the road but not the intensity of traffic flow for
vehicles and the percentage of commercial vehicles. While the second method which is under manual
HCM 2010 takes into account important factors such as intensity of traffic flow, the capacity of the
road, traffic density and geometric dimensions of the road.
Calculating the level of service for vehicles is done by the following equations:

\[
\text{Mean Auto LOS} = 3.8 - 0.530(\text{Stops}) - 0.155(\text{Median}) + 0.355(\text{Left-Turn Lane}) + 0.098(\text{Trees}) + 0.205(\text{Pavement Quality})
\]

(1)

\[
D_e = \frac{V_p}{S} \quad (au/km/lane)
\]

(2)

\[
S = BFFS - f_fW - f_Lc - f_m + f_a
\]

(3)

Where:
Mean Auto LOS level of service for vehicles according to the NCHRP report.
\(D_e\) density of traffic for vehicles according to HCM 2010 manual
\(V_p\) intensity of traffic flow
Speed limit

Calculating the level of service for pedestrians, bicycles and public transport is made according to
equations of NCHRP’s report. The following equations are used for calculation of the multimodal
level of service to the road segment:

\[
PLOS = -1.2276 \ln (f_{LV} \times W_t + 0.5Wl + f_p \times \%OSP + f_b \times W_b + f_m \times W_m) + 0.0091 \left(\frac{V}{(4 \times \text{PHF} \times L)}\right) + 0.0004 \text{ SPD}^2 + 6.0468
\]

(4)

\[
B_{Seg} = 0.507 \ln \left(\frac{V}{(4 \times \text{PHF} \times L)}\right) + 0.199F_s(1 + 10.38HV) + 7.066(1/PC)^2 - 0.005(We)^2 + 0.760
\]

(5)

\[
\text{Transit LOS Score} = 6.0 - 1.50 \times \text{TransitWaitRideScore} + 0.15 \times \text{PedLOS}
\]

(6)

Where:
\(PLOS\) the level of service for pedestrians
\(B_{seg}\) level of service for bicycles
Transit LOS Score level of service for public transport

In Table 1, numerical interval is given depending on the results obtained from the application of the
relevant equations identified level of service for the type of movement which is dedicated equations
applied by NCHRP’s. In Table 2, numerical interval is provided depending on the density of traffic is
defined level of service for vehicles which applies the HCM 2010 manual.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MLS</th>
<th>Numerical Intervals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>≤ 2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>&gt; 2.00 ≤ 2.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>&gt; 2.75 ≤ 3.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>&gt; 3.50 ≤ 4.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>&gt; 4.25 ≤ 5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>&gt; 5.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Table 2. Intervals of traffic density in determining the level of service for vehicles according
to HCM 2010. |
3. The analysis for traffic data and geometric conditions of the road

The models applied for calculating the multimodal level of service required to analyze the traffic capacity for participants and geometric dimensions of the road being studied. Size image of the movement is made for three days of the week: Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, and is averaged traffic capacity. To be closer to identifying the level of service for segment of the road “Fehmi Lladrovci” recordings were made in three intervals of the day and in both directions of movement as indicated in Table 3.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time interval</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7:00 to 8:00</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12:00 to 13:00</td>
<td>551</td>
<td>197</td>
<td>217</td>
<td>295</td>
<td>213</td>
<td>272</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16:00 to 17:00</td>
<td>1231</td>
<td>1476</td>
<td>1030</td>
<td>1002</td>
<td>1150</td>
<td>1242</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.1. Calculation of multimodal level of service for the segment of the road

By applying the equations mentioned above is calculated the level of service for segment of the road “Fehmi Lladrovci”, where each variable in which required equations are applied to the data segment of the road, which due to the volume of the present paper is not all descriptions of variables in order to see performance results benefited from these calculations. Calculations were made for two cases, in the first case calculation is made for multimodal level of service for current profile that owns the road, and in the second calculation is made multimodal level service for all of the recommended route which possesses the same actual road width but has a different disposition in relation to the current...
situation. From this analysis the profile reshuffle was intended to achieve optimal value service to all modes of traffic. In tabular form and schematic will be presented the results obtained for the current cross section profile and the cross section profile of the recommended route in which are identified the changes for multimodal level of service.

Table 4. Multimodal level of service to the direction of “Bregu i diellit”.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Street “Fehmi Lladrovci”</th>
<th>Vehicles</th>
<th>Public transport</th>
<th>Bicycles</th>
<th>Pedestrians</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current Profile</td>
<td>NCHRP</td>
<td>HCM2010</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOS</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>3.72</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>1.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>17.47</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>5.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recommended profile</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>3.52</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>17.47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
<td>1.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
<td>1.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.62</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 5. Multimodal level of service to the direction of “Sheshi Idriz Seferi”.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Street “Fehmi Lladrovci”</th>
<th>Vehicles</th>
<th>Public transport</th>
<th>Bicycles</th>
<th>Pedestrians</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current Profile</td>
<td>NCHRP</td>
<td>HCM2010</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOS</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>3.72</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>1.91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C</td>
<td>19.71</td>
<td>E</td>
<td>4.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recommended profile</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>3.52</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>18.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
<td>1.82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
<td>1.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In figure 3 is made in the presentation of the results obtained for multimodal level of service at which observed changes in the level of service under the current profile and the profile of the recommended route. Within the presentation of the level of service for vehicles is presented only the result calculated by HCM2010 which model takes into account parameters geometric path and intensity of traffic, as opposed to the model according to NCHRP’s not taking into consideration the parameters of intensity of traffic for vehicles.
Fig. 3 Schematic representation of multimodal level of service for the current profile and the profile of recommended road “Fehmi Lladrovci” in Pristina.

Conclusion

In results obtained was identified multimodal level of service for current road conditions and for recommended cross section profile of the road. From these results are noticed changes that the same width of cross section and same intensity of traffic is at best take advantage of the service to the recommended cross section road profile. From this profile are created more favorable conditions for the moves with all modes of traffic in particular integration path for bicycles and physically separating the roadside. This analysis of the profile of the segment of the road “Fehmi Lladrovci” can serve as elements for the planning of this profile across the central ring of the city as one of the main roads with heavy traffic, by which will create optimal conditions and opportunity the selection of the model for the movements. For urban roads category and importance as the road "Fehmi Lladrovci" in order to create the conditions to all participants in traffic, a need planning their content such possessing besides paths for vehicles and sidewalks have also bicycles path, necessary services for public transport and depending on the intensity of the flow lines also possess special lane for public transport. Therefore, as an influential factor in the increase of multimodal level of service are creating conditions geometric of the road in order to accommodate all participants in traffic with the contents urban areas with the possibility of selecting the model for traffic depending on the needs and desires, through which achieved reduction of the use of motor vehicles, positive impacts on the environment, traffic more attractive and safer.

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